

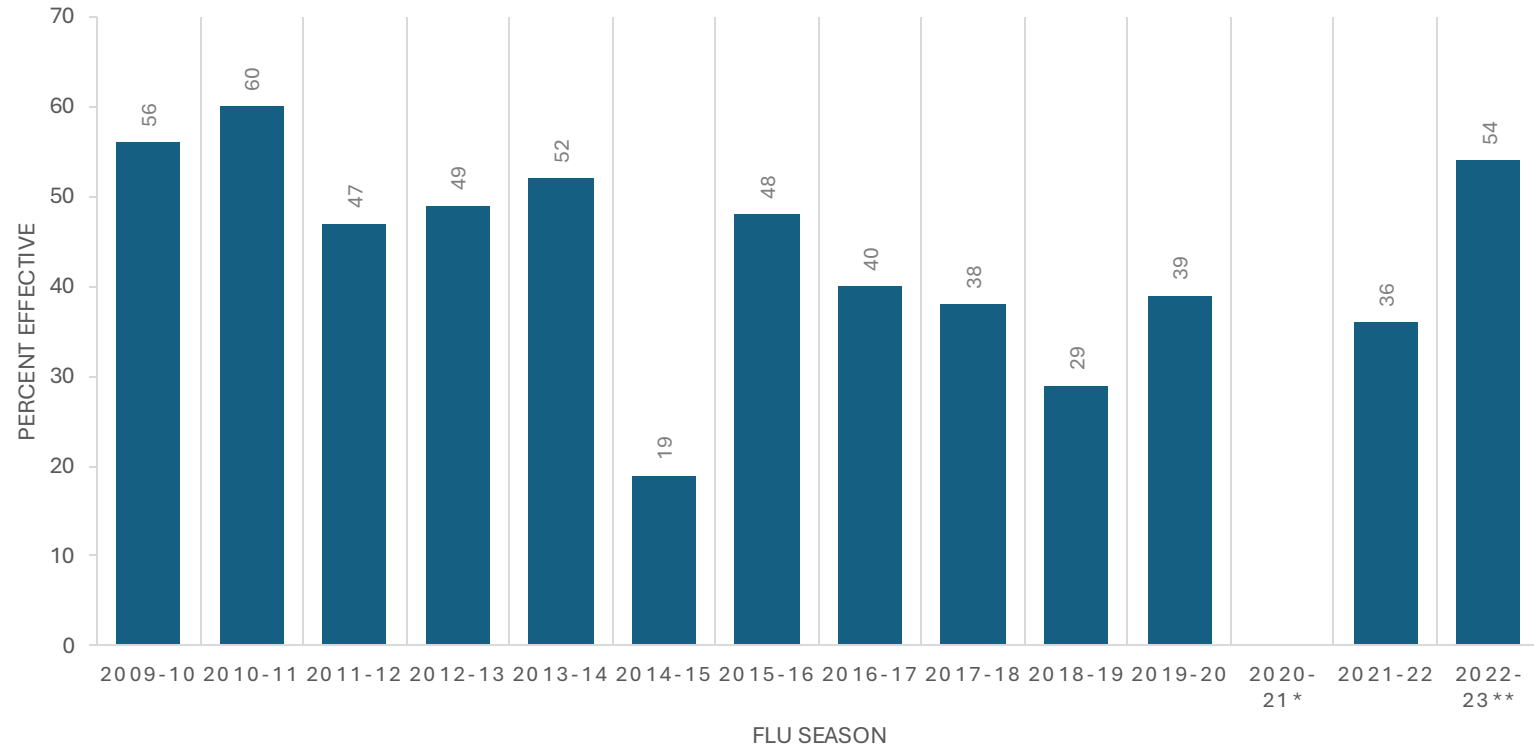
# **A UNIVERSAL INFLUENZA VIRUS VACCINE BASED ON CHIMERIC HEMAGGLUTININS**

**Peter Palese**

**Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai  
New York**

**GVN Tampa  
March 5, 2025**

# SEASONAL FLU VACCINE EFFECTIVENESS



\*2020-2021 flu vaccine effectiveness was not estimated due to low flu virus circulation during the 2020-2021 flu season.

\*\*In a Wisconsin study among patients aged 6 months to 64 years, VE was 54% against medically attended outpatient acute respiratory illness (ARI) associated with laboratory-confirmed influenza A.

# LICENSED INFLUENZA VIRUS VACCINES IN THE US

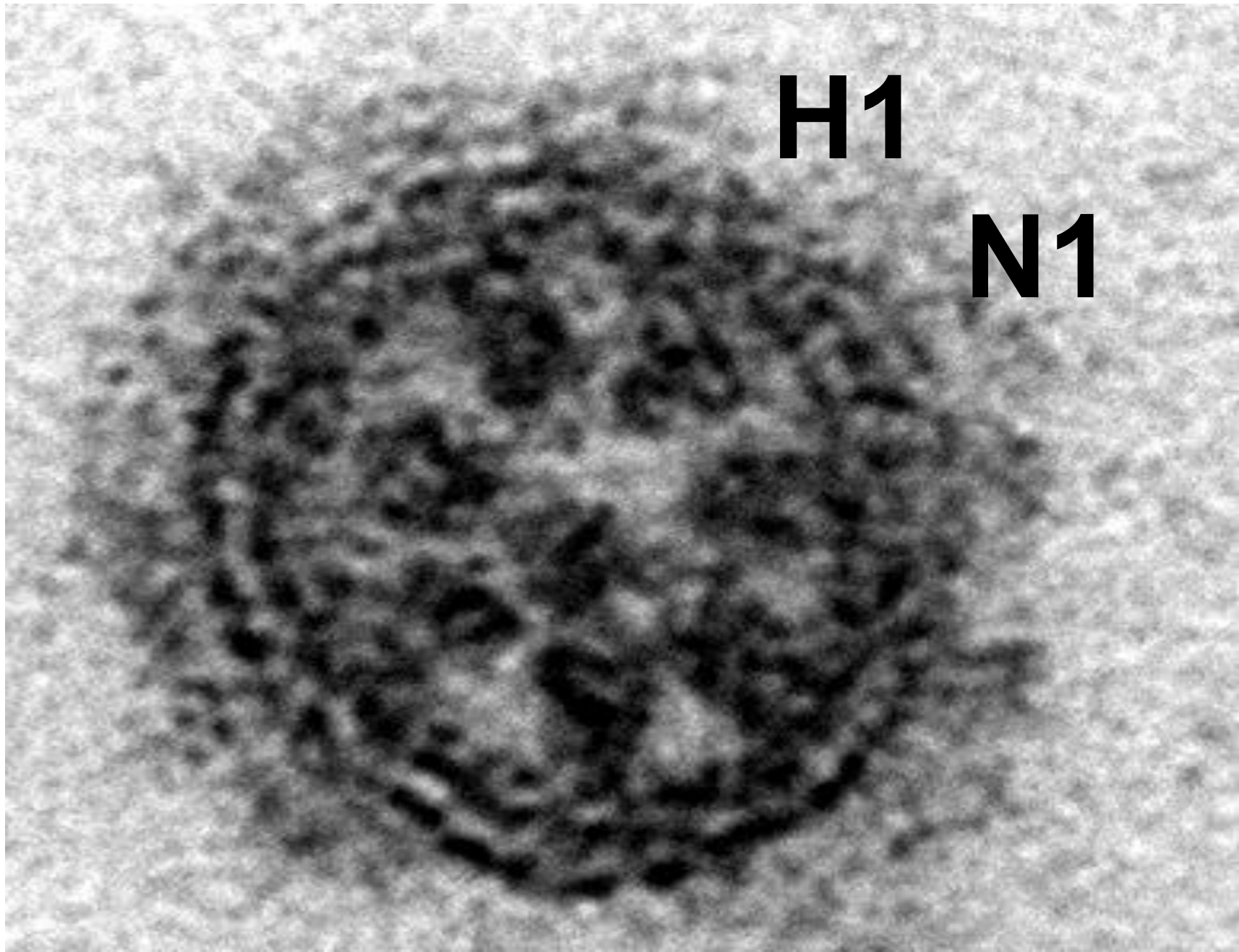
- **Inactivated Vaccine, Split Vaccine, Egg-Based (Seqirus, GlaxoSmithKline, Sanofi Pasteur)**
- **Inactivated Vaccine, Surface Antigen Adjuvanted, Egg-Based (Seqirus)**
- **Recombinant Vaccine (Sanofi Pasteur)**
- **Inactivated Subunit Vaccine, Cell Culture-Based (Seqirus)**
- **Live Attenuated Vaccine (AstraZeneca)**

# **INFLUENZA VIRUS VACCINE STRAINS 2025-2026**

**A/Victoria/4897/2022(H1N1)pdm09-like virus**

**A/Croatia/10136RV/2023 (H3N2)-like virus**

**B/Austria/1359417/2021 (B/Victoria lineage)-like virus**

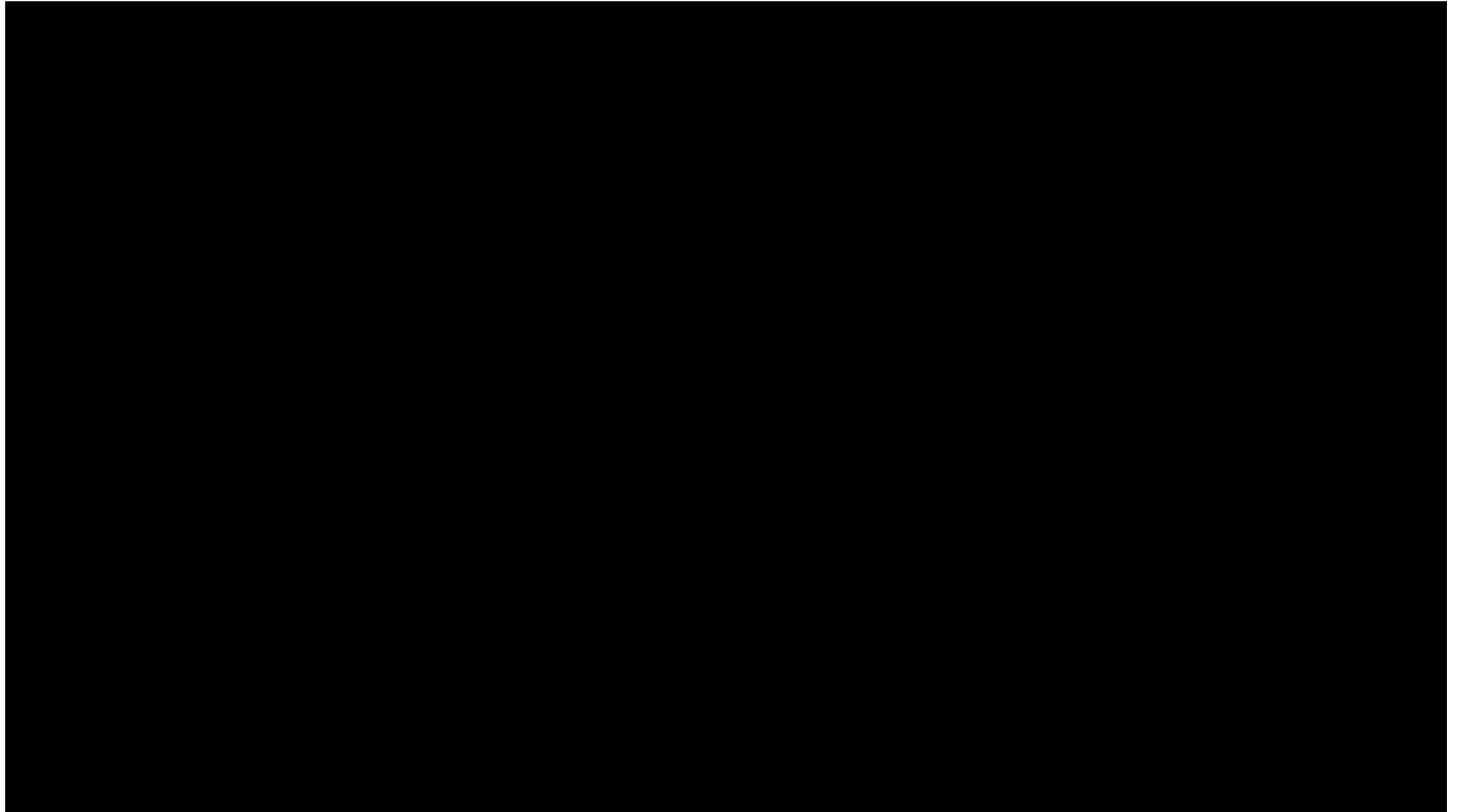


**H1**

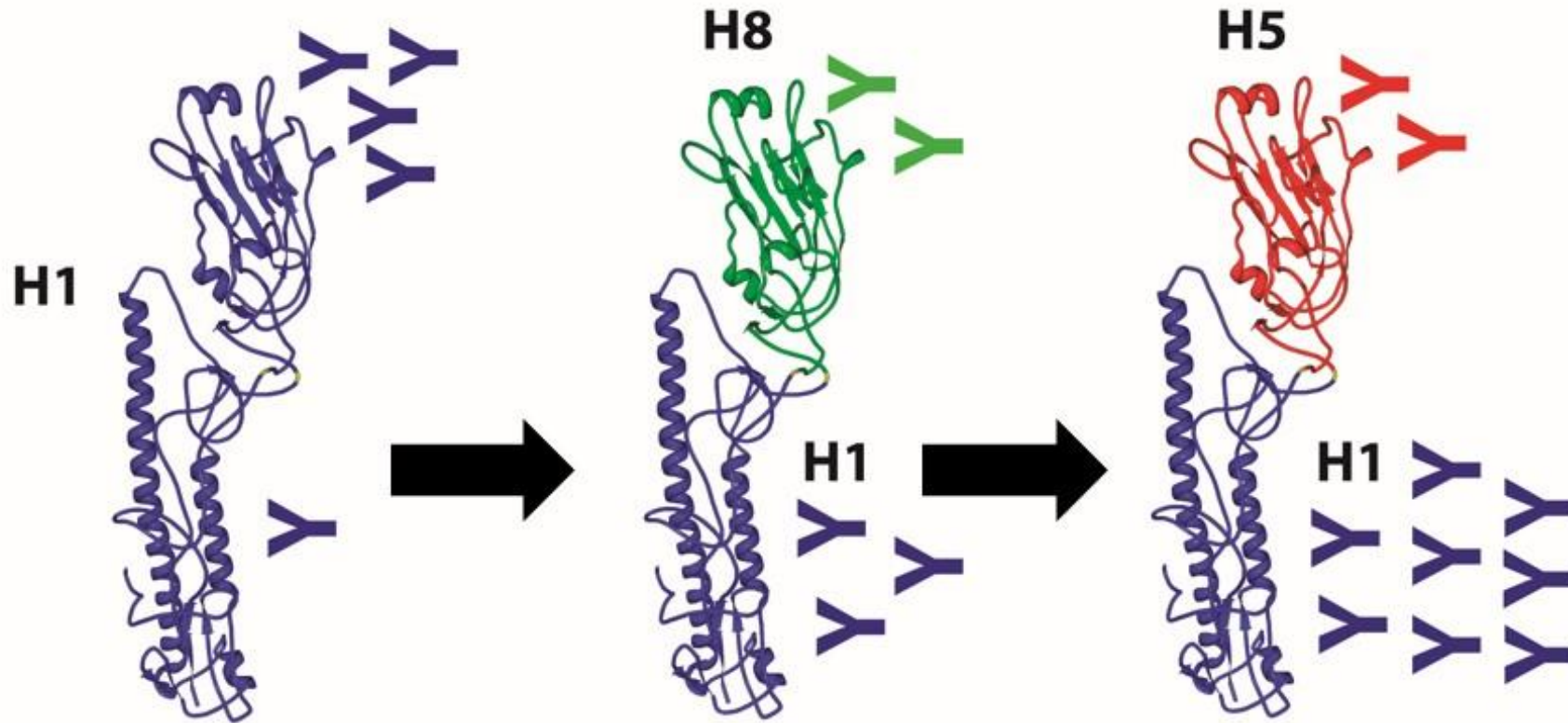
**N1**

**Yi-ying Chou**

# CONCEPT FOR A HUMAN UNIVERSAL INFLUENZA VIRUS VACCINE



# CONCEPT FOR A HUMAN CHIMERIC HA (cHA) BASED UNIVERSAL INFLUENZA VIRUS VACCINE



pre-existing immunity  
to full length H1 HA

immunization with cH8/1 HA

immunization with cH5/1 HA

Krammer and Palese, Nat. Immunol.,

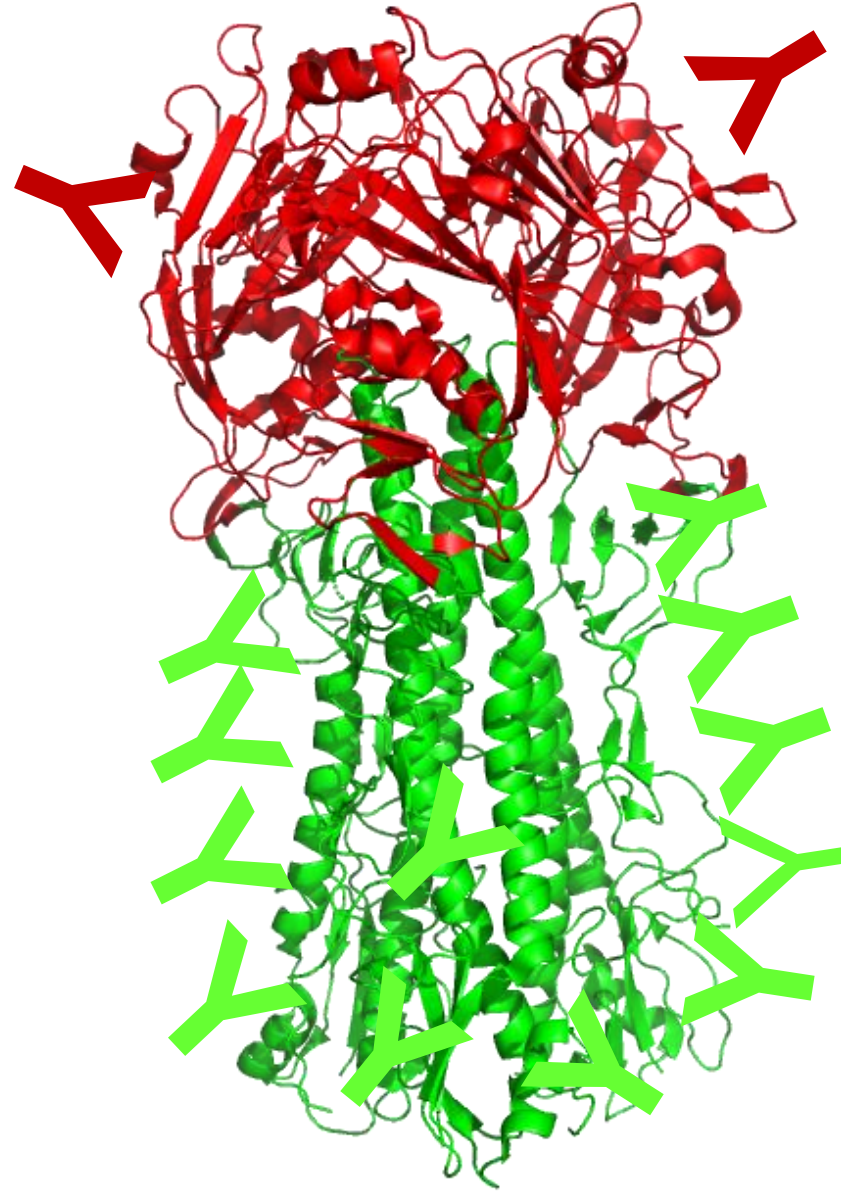
2013

Trivalent vaccine with group 1, group 2 and influenza B stalk component 7

# OVERVIEW OF UNIVERSAL INFLUENZA VIRUS VACCINE CANDIDATES IN CLINICAL AND PRECLINICAL DEVELOPMENT

- **Vaccine platform:** inactivated split virion vaccines
- **Epitope targeted:** immuno-subdominant, conserved, broadly protective stalk epitopes
- **Route of administration:** intramuscular administration
- **Adjuvant:** AS03/CpG+alum
- **Immunization regimens for a population with pre-existing immunity to influenza viruses:** a two-dose sequential vaccination regimen
- **Phase I and Phase II trials (Group 1)**

# REDIRECTING THE IMMUNE SYSTEM FROM IMMUNODOMINANT VARIABLE SITES TO CONSERVED DOMAINS



# CVIA 057 TRIAL DESIGN OVERVIEW

(clinicaltrials.gov ID NCT03300050)

- Prospective, randomized, placebo-controlled, observer-blind, phase I trial
- Median age 29 years; 40 female, 25 male
- Study start: December 2017
- Healthy male and female adults 18 through 39 years of age
- 65 subjects (39 Duke, 26 CCHMC) randomized to one of five groups

Study Groups	Number of Subjects	Dose 1		Dose 2	
		Treatment	Route	Treatment	Route
1	20	cH8/1N1 LAIV	Intranasal	cH5/1N1 IIV + AS03 <sub>A</sub>	Intramuscular
2	15	cH8/1N1 LAIV	Intranasal	cH5/1N1 IIV	Intramuscular
3	5	Normal Saline	Intranasal	PBS	Intramuscular
4	15	cH8/1N1 IIV + AS03 <sub>A</sub>	Intramuscular	cH5/1N1 IIV + AS03 <sub>A</sub>	Intramuscular
5	10	PBS	Intramuscular	PBS	Intramuscular

LAIV: Live-attenuated influenza virus vaccine (Leningrad backbone)

IIV: Inactivated influenza virus vaccine → split vaccine

# THE LANCET



## Infectious Diseases

Volume 22, Issue 7, July 2022, Pages 1062-1075

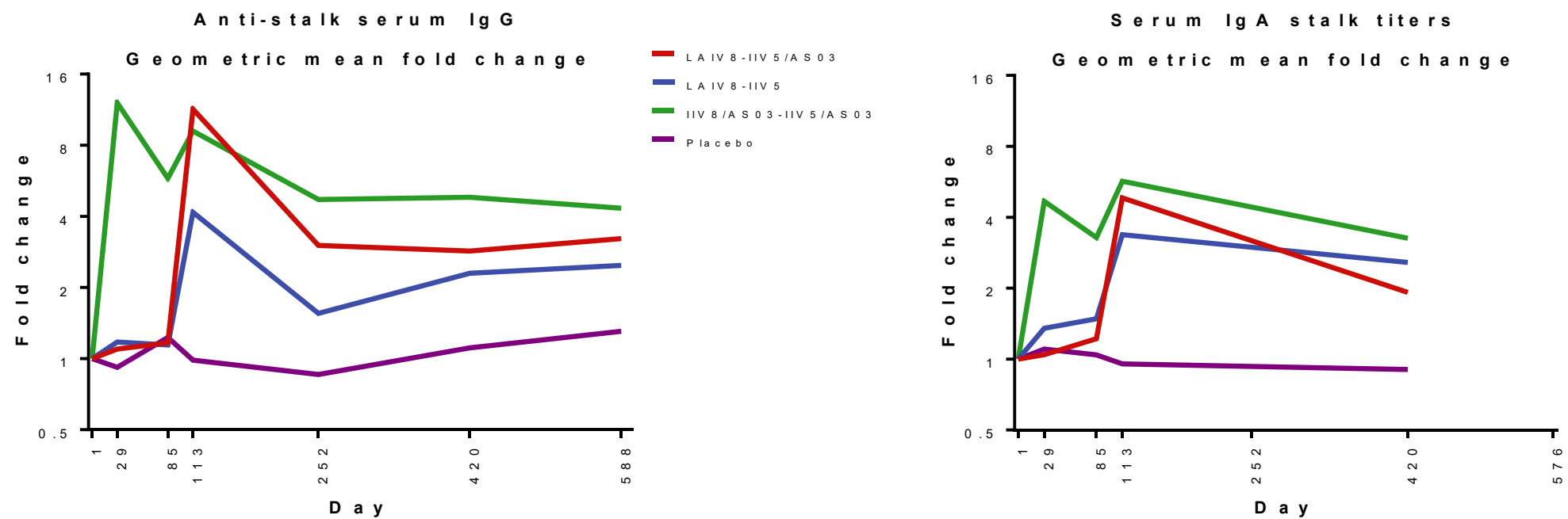
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Articles

### Reactogenicity, safety, and immunogenicity of chimeric haemagglutinin influenza split-virion vaccines, adjuvanted with AS01 or AS03 or non-adjuvanted: a phase 1–2 randomised controlled trial

[Nicolas Folschweiller PhD<sup>a, b</sup>](#)  , [Carline Vanden Abeele MSc<sup>a</sup>](#), [Laurence Chu MD<sup>e</sup>](#),  
[Prof Pierre Van Damme PhD<sup>f</sup>](#), [Prof Adolfo García-Sastre PhD<sup>g, h, i, j, k</sup>](#), [Prof Florian Krammer PhD<sup>g, j</sup>](#),  
[Raffael Nachbagauer MD<sup>g, l</sup>](#), [Prof Peter Palese PhD<sup>g, k</sup>](#), [Alicia Solórzano PhD<sup>g, m</sup>](#), [Dan Bi MD<sup>a</sup>](#),  
[Marie-Pierre David MSc<sup>a</sup>](#), [Damien Friel PhD<sup>a</sup>](#), [Bruce L Innis MD<sup>n, o</sup>](#), [Juliane Koch PhD<sup>a, c</sup>](#),  
[Corey P Mallett PhD<sup>p</sup>](#), [Ronan Nicolas Rouxel PhD<sup>q, r</sup>](#), [Bruno Salaun PhD<sup>q</sup>](#), [Valerie Vantomme MSc<sup>a</sup>](#),  
[Céline Verheust PhD<sup>a</sup>](#), [Frank Struyf MD<sup>a, d</sup>](#)

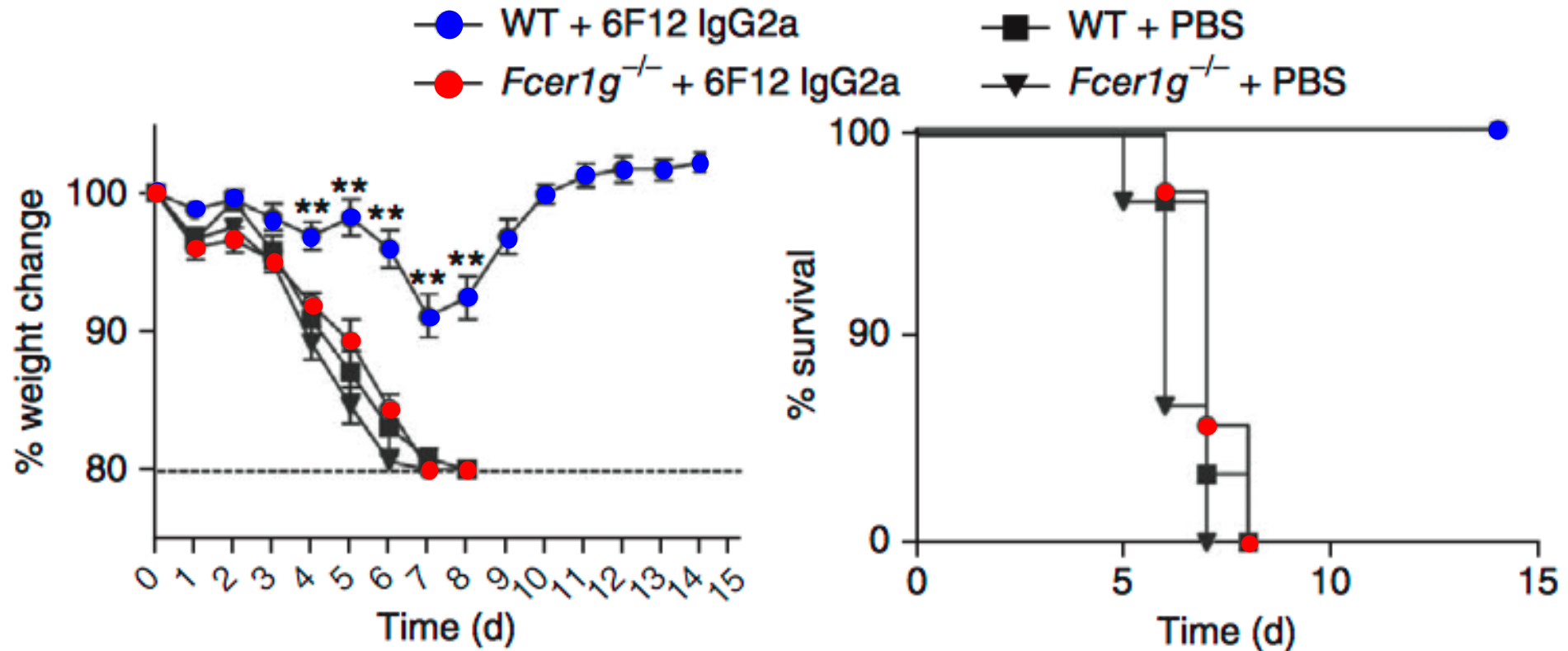
# Serum IgG and IgA stalk responses – fold induction



Nachbagauer *et al.*, Nat. Med., 2021

**WHAT IS THE MECHANISM BY  
WHICH THESE BROADLY  
PROTECTIVE STALK-SPECIFIC  
ANTIBODIES MEDIATE THEIR  
ANTIVIRAL ACTIVITY?**

Broadly cross-reactive hemagglutinin stalk-specific antibodies require FcγR interactions for protection against influenza virus *in vivo*



**Towards a universal influenza virus vaccine: Reducing the immunodominance of the hemagglutinin head by the sequential administration of chimeric hemagglutinins (cHA) increases the immunogenicity of the hemagglutinin stalk**

**Protection is antibody mediated and involves activation of Fc-FcR effector functions**

# ANTI-H1 STALK TITERS ARE AN INDEPENDENT CORRELATE OF PROTECTION AGAINST H1N1 INFECTION IN HUMANS

LETTERS

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-019-0463-x>

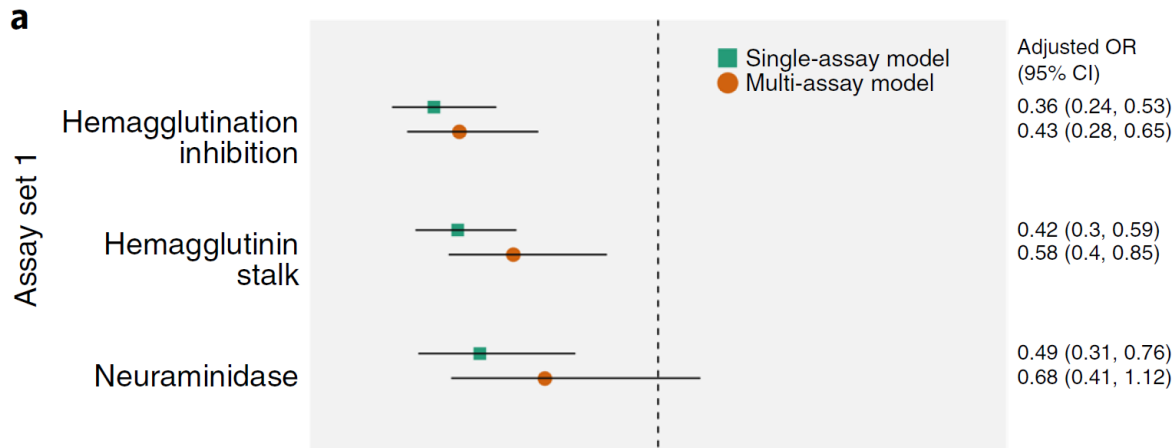
nature  
medicine

## Novel correlates of protection against pandemic H1N1 influenza A virus infection

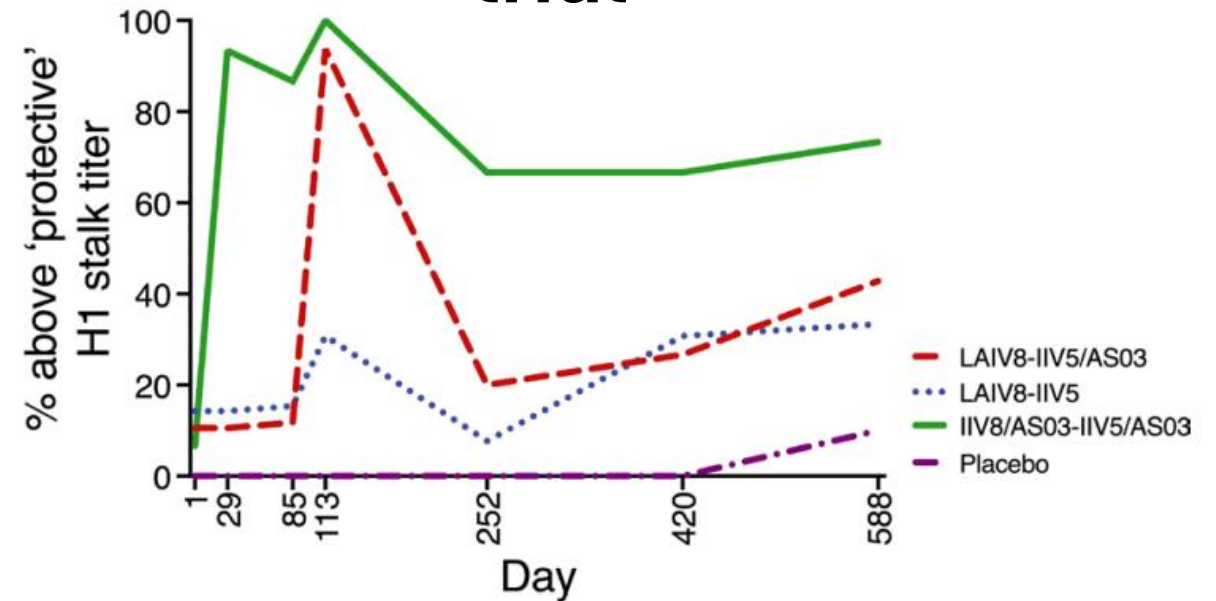
Sophia Ng<sup>1,2,3,9</sup>, Raffael Nachbagauer<sup>3,4,5,9</sup>, Angel Balmaseda<sup>6,7</sup>, Daniel Stadlbauer<sup>3,4,5</sup>, Sergio Ojeda<sup>7</sup>, Mayuri Patel<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Arvind Rajabhathor<sup>3,4,5</sup>, Roger Lopez<sup>6,7</sup>, Andrea F. Guglia<sup>4</sup>, Nery Sanchez<sup>7</sup>, Fatima Amanat<sup>3,4,5</sup>, Lionel Gresh<sup>7</sup>, Guillermina Kuan<sup>7,8</sup>, Florian Krammer<sup>3,4,5,10\*</sup> and Aubree Gordon<sup>1,2,3,10\*</sup>

NATURE MEDICINE | VOL 25 | JUNE 2019

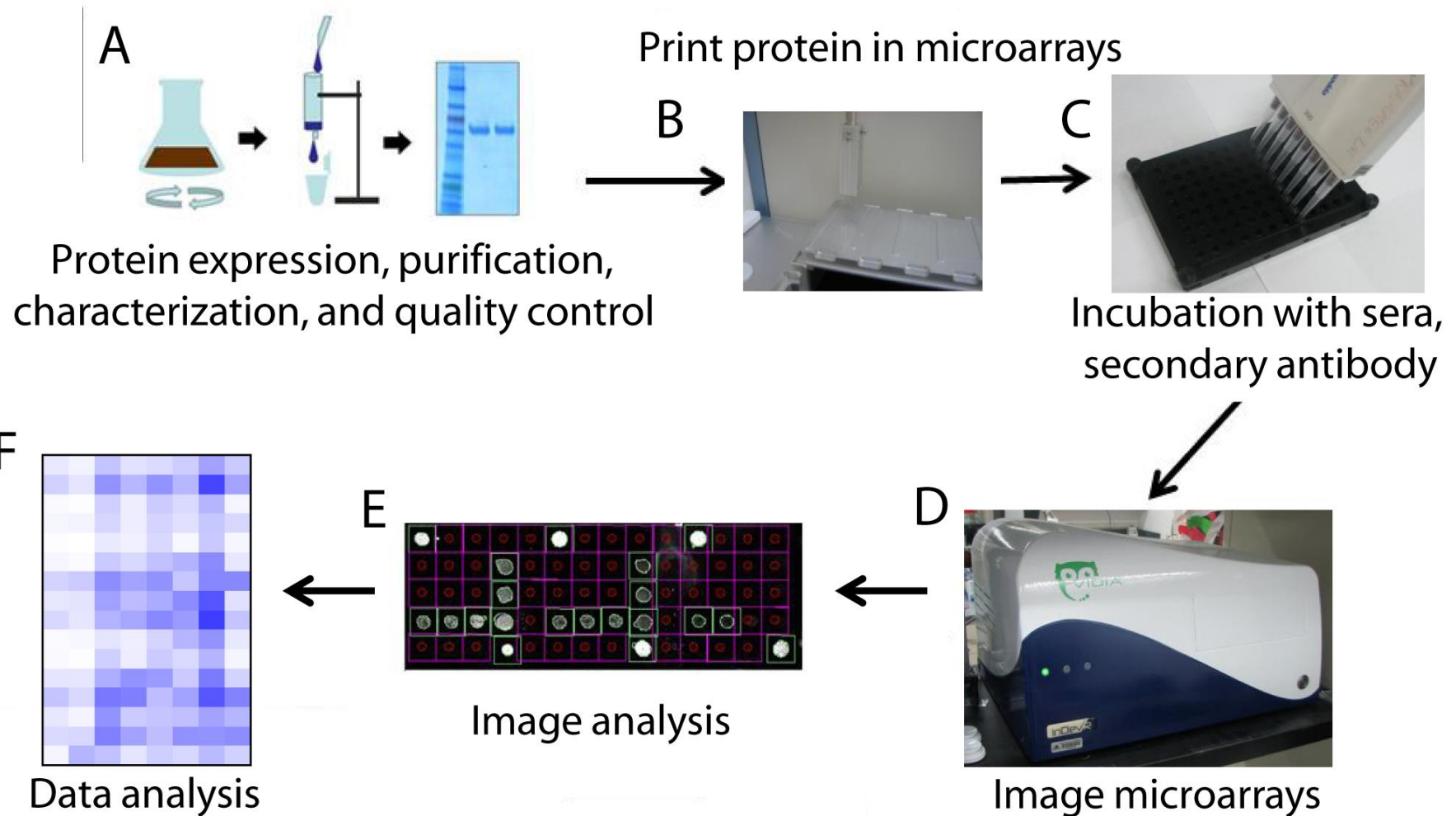
## Odds ratio for PCR confirmed infection



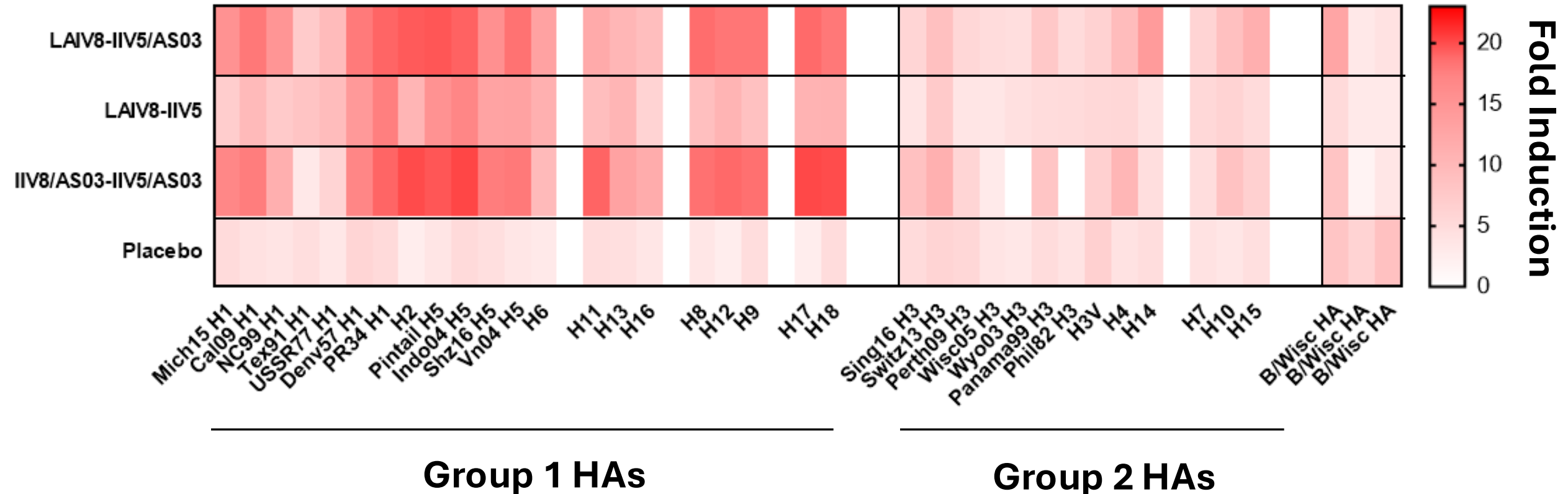
## % individuals above “protective” stalk titers in human clinical trial



# INFLUENZA VIRUS PROTEIN MICROARRAY (IVPM) TO MEASURE ANTIBODY BREADTH



# HUMAN SERUM IgG RESPONSES – FOLD INDUCTION: DAY 1 – DAY 113



# CONCLUSIONS FOR GROUP 1 cHA PHASE I/II CLINICAL TRIALS

- **Proof of principle that anti-stalk antibodies can be induced in humans by a rationally designed vaccine**
- **The vaccines are safe (comparable to licensed quadrivalent, live attenuated influenza virus vaccine, H5N1/AS03)**
- **Adjuvants are important**
- **Adjuvanted cHA inactivated influenza virus vaccine (IIV) induces high stalk-reactive antibody titers even after one vaccination**
  - **Potential tool for pandemic preparedness**
- **The induced antibody response is very broad and durable**
- **The induced antibodies are multifunctional (NI, ADCC, ADCP, neutralization, trimer-interface antibodies, anchor epitope antibodies etc.)**

## Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai

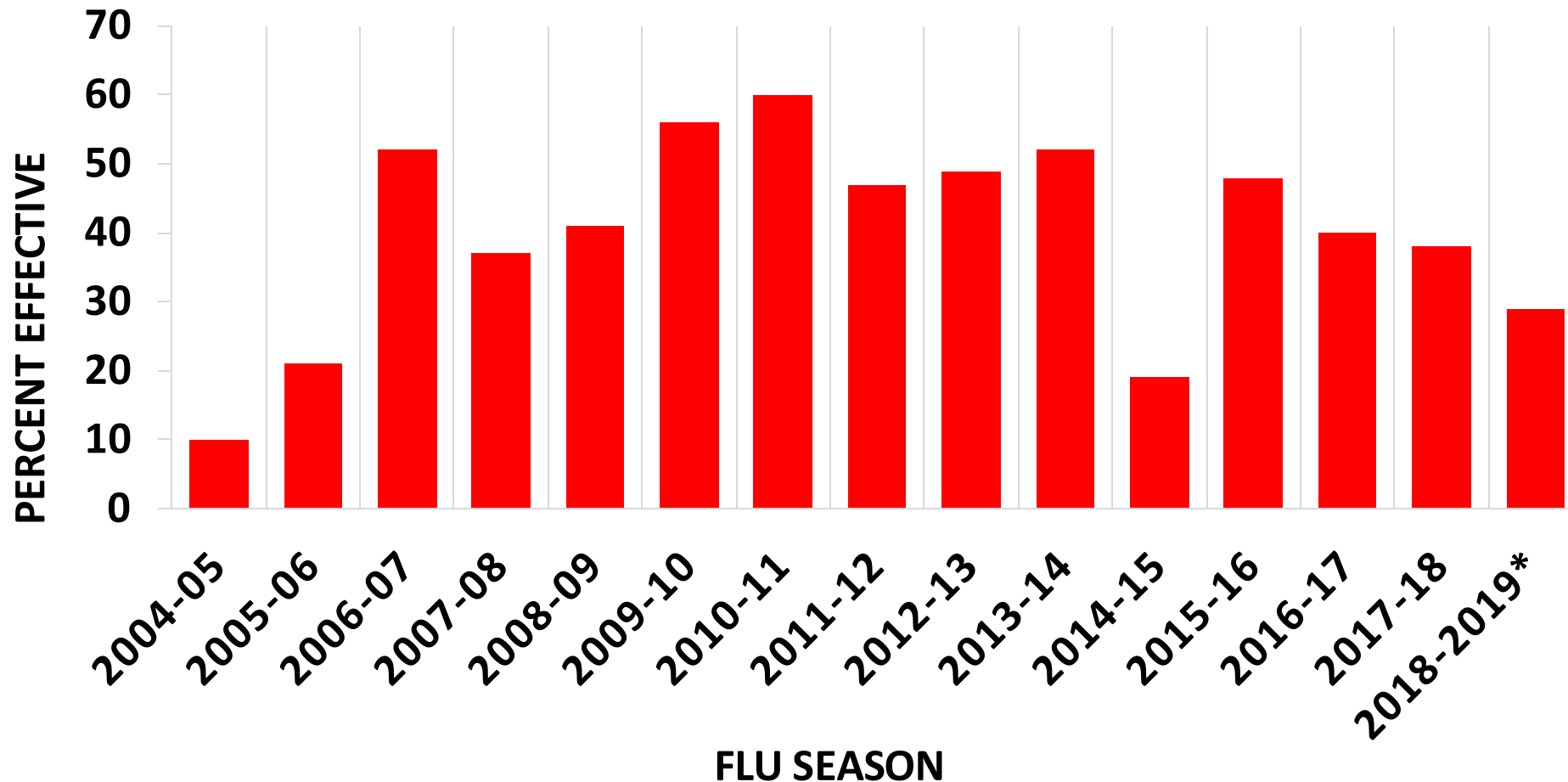
- Peter Palese, Ph.D – (212) 241-4635  
[peter.palese@mssm.edu](mailto:peter.palese@mssm.edu)  
<http://labs.icaohn.mssm.edu/paleselab/>
- Florian Krammer, Ph.D – (212) 241-8166  
[florian.krammer@mssm.edu](mailto:florian.krammer@mssm.edu)  
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<http://icaohn.mssm.edu/research/labs/garcia-sastre-laboratory>
- Weina Sun, Ph.D – (212) 241-9959  
[weina.sun@mssm.edu](mailto:weina.sun@mssm.edu)  
<https://labs.icaohn.mssm.edu/weinasunlab/>

## CastleVax, Inc.

- Michael Egan, Ph.D – (520) 904-3686  
[michael.egan@castlevax.com](mailto:michael.egan@castlevax.com)



# SEASONAL FLU VACCINE EFFECTIVENESS



\*Vaccine effectiveness estimates for 2018-2019 were presented to ACIP on June 27, 2019

Source: CDC Seasonal Flu Vaccine Effectiveness Studies

<https://www.cdc.gov/flu/vaccines-work/effectiveness-studies.htm>

# Influenza A and B viruses circulating in the human population

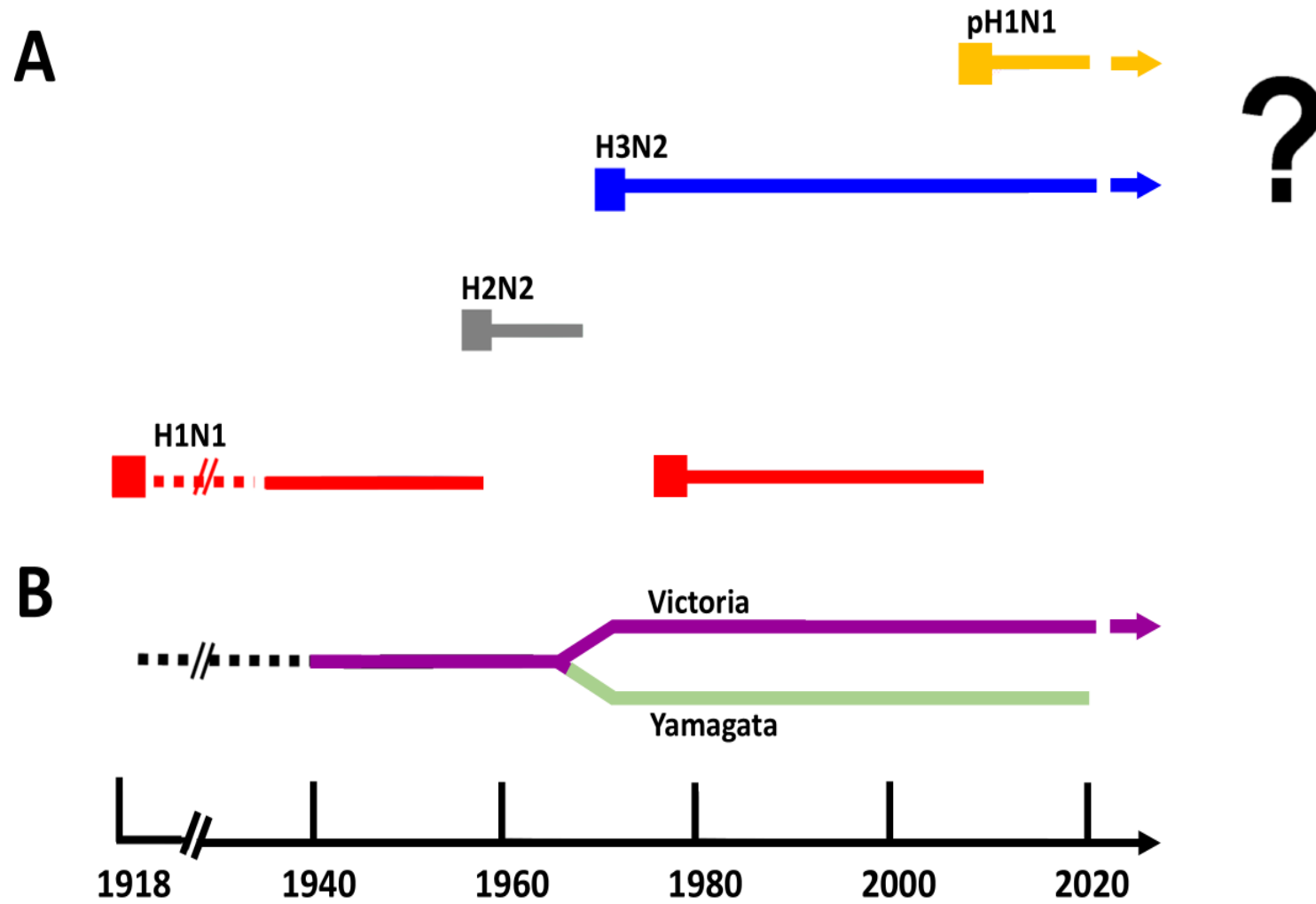
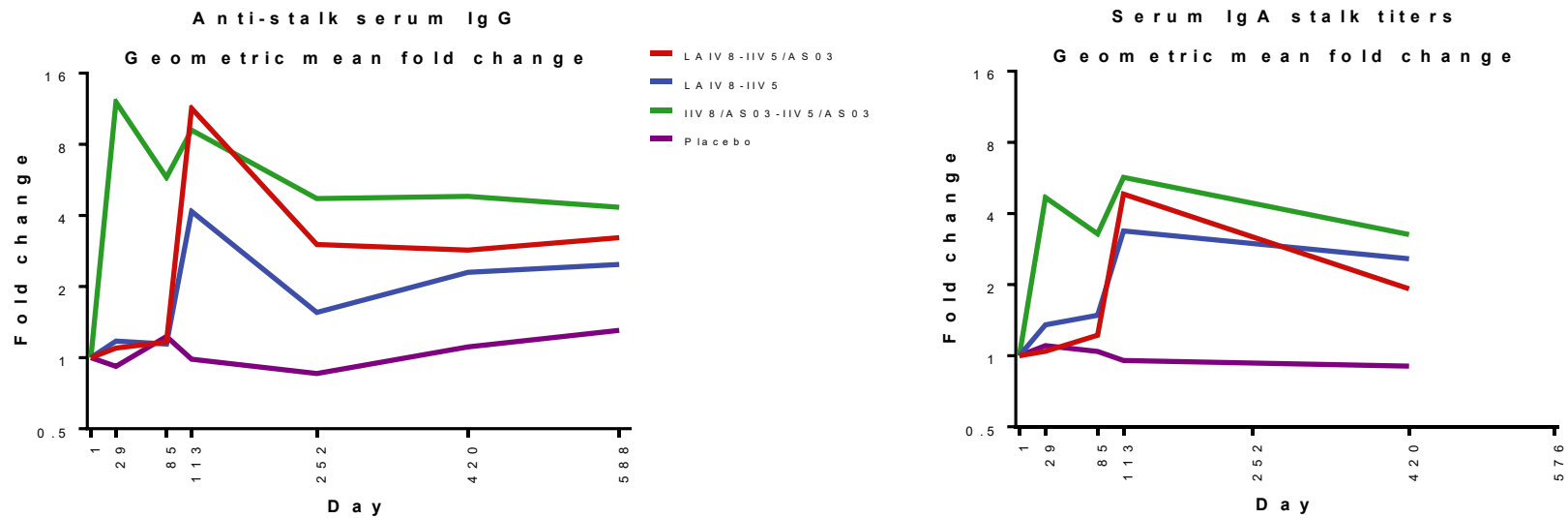


Fig. 1

# Serum IgG and IgA stalk responses – fold induction



Nachbagauer *et al.*, Nat. Med., 2021